The year of Commencement of the Buddha Era is a significant date in Buddhist tradition. It marks the first year of the Buddhist era, which begins with the Buddha's enlightenment. This year is celebrated as the start of the Buddhist calendar, a system of dating that is still used in many Buddhist countries today.

The date of the Buddha's enlightenment is traditionally celebrated on the full moon of the fourth month of the Buddhist calendar, which is usually in May or June of the Gregorian calendar. This day is known as Vesak or Buddha Purnima.

The Commencement of the Buddha Era is also significant because it marks the beginning of the Buddha's teachings and the establishment of the Buddhist community. It is a day of reflection and purification, where Buddhists recall their past actions and commit to living a virtuous life.

The two main assumptions on which the Buddhist teaching is based are:

1. The concept of suffering and the Four Noble Truths.
2. The Four Noble Truths: the nature of suffering, the cause of suffering, the end of suffering, and the path to the end of suffering.

These assumptions form the foundation of Buddhist philosophy and practice, guiding believers in their spiritual journey towards enlightenment.
The year of commencement of the Buddha Era

The Buddha was born in 563 BC.

The Buddha, who took place for four days after the Buddha's departure from the earth, was known as the Buddha's
cerebration, and the Buddha's
cerebration, and the Buddha's

day.

If the Buddha is to be likened to the Buddha's
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